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Hi, i use the autoclose method but this not working in Chrome: js: \$(document).ready(function () { \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true }); }); html: Thanks for your help. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox. This repository was archived by the owner on Feb 14, 2019. It is now read-only. This repository was archived by the owner on Feb 14, 2019. It is now read-only. You can't perform that action at this time. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox. User interface element An example of a date picker in use. When the user clicks on the entry field, a calendar pops up below. A date picker, popup calendar, date and time picker, or time picker is a graphical user interface widget which allows the user to select a date from a calendar and/or time from a time range. The typical practice is to provide a text box field which, when clicked upon to enter a date, pops up a calendar next to or below the field, allowing the user to populate the field with an appropriate date, or provides a text box with an icon of a calendar such that when the icon is clicked on, the calendar (or time field) appears, or show calendar widget directly (inline). The date picker provides several advantages, including: allowing the user to enter a date by merely clicking on a date in the pop-up calendar as opposed to having to take their hand off the mouse to type in a date, validation of dates by restricting date ranges, e.g. only after today and for two weeks later, or only for dates in the past, a date range can be entered such that for a set of "from-to" date fields, if the "from" field is filled, the "to" field cannot be set to a date before the "from" field, or if the "to" field is filled, the "from" field cannot be set to a later date than the "to" field. can have a "today" button can customize the day the week begins on Only legal dates can be entered, e.g. February 29, 2100 can't be entered, nor could June 31. Date format confusion is eliminated, e.g. is 7/4/10 July 4, 2010, April 7, 2010, or April 10, 2007? In the case of a time picker, many similar functions are available, such as ensuring the user Cannot enter an invalid time (25:18, 46:1). Cannot select an out of range time (6:00 pm for a business allowing customers to select their own appointments, but the business closes at 5:30), or during unattended times (like lunch). Cannot select an invalid range (can restrict selected time to the nearest 5, 10 or 15 minutes or any range, e.g. 2:30 or 2:45 is okay, but 2:37 is not.) jQuery UI date picker Retrieved from " Editor v1.4.2 I'm using Bootstrap Datepicker plugin I have a minor issue with autoclose not working when the editor closes. The editor is initialized this way: { "name": "date2", "type": "date", "opts": { autoclose: true, }, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Autoclose works fine if the user clicks on a date. The problem is, if the user moves about the table with the tab or cursor keys and they arrive at a date field, the calendar opens. If they continue tabbing and navigate away from the cell, the calendar remains open. I tried this approach, but to no avail: .on('preClose', function () { editor.field('date2').hide(); }); I also tried the above call in the close event handler, but apparently the calendar opens before the editor and what gets closed is the calendar on the cell that is about to receive the focus. Does anyone have any thoughts on how to get the calendar to close when the user navigates away from a date cell? There is no issue if the user clicks in a different cell. The calendar closes just fine. TIA. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox. Share — copy and redistribute the material in any medium or format for any purpose, even commercially. Adapt — remix, transform, and build upon the material for any purpose, even commercially. The licensor cannot revoke these freedoms as long as you follow the license terms. Attribution — You must give appropriate credit , provide a link to the license, and indicate if changes were made . You may do so in any reasonable manner, but not in any way that suggests the licensor endorses you or your use. ShareAlike — If you remix, transform, or build upon the material, you must distribute your contributions under the same license as the original. No additional restrictions — You may not apply legal terms or technological measures that legally restrict others from doing anything the license permits. You do not have to comply with the license for elements of the material in the public domain or where your use is permitted by an applicable exception or limitation . No warranties are given. The license may not give you all of the permissions necessary for your intended use. For example, other rights such as publicity, privacy, or moral rights may limit how you use the material. bootstrap-datepicker All options that take a "Date" can handle a Date object, a String formatted according to the given format, or a timedelta relative to today, eg "-1d", "+6m +1y", etc, where valid units are "d" (day), "w" (week), "m" (month), and "y" (year). Use "0" as today. There are also aliases for the relative timedelta's: "yesterday" equals "-1d", "today" is equal to "+0d" and "tomorrow" is equal to "+1d". Most options can be provided via data-attributes. An option can be converted to a data-attribute by taking its name, replacing each uppercase letter with its lowercase equivalent preceded by a dash, and prepending "data-date-" to the result. For example, startDate would be data-date-start-date, format would be data-date-format, and daysOfWeekDisabled would be data-date-days-of-week-disabled. See the quick reference for an overview of all options and their default values Boolean. Default: false Whether or not to close the datepicker immediately when a date is selected. Boolean or Integer. Default: false If true, manually-entered dates with two-digit years, such as "5/1/15", will be parsed as "2015", not "15". If the year is less than 10 years in advance, the picker will use the current century, otherwise, it will use the previous one. For example "5/1/15" would parse to May 1st, 2015, but "5/1/97" would be May 1st, 1997. To configure the number of years in advance that the picker will still use the current century, use an Integer instead of the Boolean true. E.g. "assumeNearbyYear: 20" Function(Date). Default: \$.noop A function that takes a date as a parameter and returns one of the following values: undefined to have no effect A Boolean, indicating whether or not this date is selectable A String representing additional CSS classes to apply to the date's cell An object with the following properties: enabled: same as the Boolean value above classes: same as the String value above tooltip: a tooltip to apply to this date, via the title HTML attribute content: the content to display in the day cell, rather than the default (day of month as text) Function(Date). Default: \$.noop A function that takes a date as a parameter and returns one of the following values: undefined to have no effect A Boolean, indicating whether or not this month is selectable A String representing additional CSS classes to apply to the month's cell An object with the following properties: enabled: same as the Boolean value above classes: same as the String value above tooltip: a tooltip to apply to this date, via the title HTML attribute Function(Date). Default: \$.noop A function that takes a date as a parameter and returns one of the following values: undefined to have no effect A Boolean, indicating whether or not this year is selectable A String representing additional CSS classes to apply to the year's cell An object with the following properties: enabled: same as the Boolean value above classes: same as the String value above tooltip: a tooltip to apply to this year, via the title HTML attribute Function(Date). Default: \$.noop A function that takes a date as a parameter and returns one of the following values: undefined to have no effect A Boolean, indicating whether or not this year is selectable A String representing additional CSS classes to apply to the year's cell An object with the following properties: enabled: same as the Boolean value above classes: same as the String value above tooltip: a tooltip to apply to this year, via the title HTML attribute Boolean. Default: false Whether or not to show week numbers to the left of week rows. String. Default: "body" Appends the date picker popup to a specific element; eg: container: '#picker-container' (will default to "body") String, Array. Default: [] Days of the week that should be disabled. Values are 0 (Sunday) to 6 (Saturday). Multiple values should be comma-separated. Example: disableWeekends: '06' or '0,6' or [0,6]. String, Array. Default: [] Days of the week that should be highlighted. Values are 0 (Sunday) to 6 (Saturday). Multiple values should be comma-separated. Example: highlightWeekends: '06' or '0,6' or [0,6]. Boolean. Default: false If true, no keyboard will show on mobile devices Boolean. Default: true If false the datepicker will not show on a readonly datepicker field. Boolean. Default: true Whether or not to force parsing of the input value when the picker is closed. That is, when an invalid date is left in the input field by the user, the picker will forcibly parse that value, and set the input's value to the new, valid date, conforming to the given format. String. Default: "mm/dd/yyyy" The data format, combination of d, dd, D, DD, m, mm, M, MM, yy, yyyy, d, dd: Numeric date, no leading zero and leading zero, respectively. Eg, 5, 05, D, DD: Abbreviated and full weekday names, respectively. Eg, Mon, Monday, m, mm: Numeric month, no leading zero and leading zero, respectively. Eg, 7, 07, M, MM: Abbreviated and full month names, respectively. Eg, Jan, January yy, yyyy: 2- and 4-digit years, respectively. Eg, 12, 2012. Object. Custom formatting options toDisplay: function (date, format, language) to convert date object to string, that will be stored in input field toValue: function (date, format, language) to convert string object to date, that will be used in date selection \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: { /* * Say our UI should display a week ahead, * but textbox should store the actual date. * This is useful if we need UI to select local dates, * but store in UTC */ toDisplay: function (date, format, language) { var d = new Date(date); d.setDate(d.getDate() - 7); return d.toISOString(); }, toValue: function (date, format, language) { var d = new Date(date); d.setDate(d.getDate() + 7); return new Date(d); } } }); Array, jQuery. Default: None A list of inputs to be used in a range picker, which will be attached to the selected element. Allows for explicitly creating a range picker on a non-standard element. \$(#event_period').datepicker({ inputs: \$(‘.actual_range’) }); Boolean. Default: false Only effective in a range picker. If true, the selected value does not get propagated to other, currently empty, pickers in the range. Boolean. Default: true Whether or not to allow date navigation by arrow keys. Keyboard navigation is not supported at all for embedded / inline mode. Also it's not working if input element hasn't focus. This could be an issue if used as component or if opened by show method. String. Default: "en" The IETF code (eg "en" for English, "pt-BR" for Brazilian Portuguese) of the language to use for month and day names. These will also be used as the input's value (and subsequently sent to the server in the case of form submissions). If a full code (eg "de-DE") is supplied the picker will first check for an "de-DE" language and if not found will fallback and check for a "de" language. If an unknown language code is given, English will be used. See I18N. Number, String. Default: 4, "centuries" Set a maximum limit for the view mode. Accepts: 0 or "days" or "month", 1 or "months" or "year", 2 or "years" or "decade", 3 or "decades" or "century", and 4 or "centuries" or "millenium". Gives the ability to pick only a day, a month, a year or a decade. The day is set to the 1st for "months", the month is set to January for "years", the year is set to the first year from the millennium for "centuries". Number, String. Default: 0, "days" Set a minimum limit for the view mode. Accepts: 0 or "days" or "month", 1 or "months" or "year", 2 or "years" or "decade", 3 or "decades" or "century", and 4 or "centuries" or "millenium". Gives the ability to pick only a month, a year or a decade. The day is set to the 1st for "months", and the month is set to January for "years", the year is set to the first year from the decade for "decades", and the year is set to the first from the millennium for "centuries". String. Default: "auto" A space-separated string consisting of one or two of "left" or "right", "top" or "bottom", and "auto" (may be omitted); for example, "top left", "bottom" (horizontal orientation will default to "auto"), "right" (vertical orientation will default to "auto"), "auto top". Allows for fixed placement of the picker popup. "orientation" refers to the location of the picker popup's "anchor"; you can also think of it as the location of the trigger element (input, component, etc) relative to the picker. "auto" triggers "smart orientation" of the picker. Horizontal orientation will default to "left" and left offset will be tweaked to keep the picker inside the browser viewport; vertical orientation will simply choose "top" or "bottom", whichever will show more of the picker in the viewport. Boolean. Default: true If false, the datepicker will be prevented from showing when the input field associated with it receives focus. Number. String. Default: 0, "days" The view that the datepicker should show when it is opened. Accepts: 0 or "days" or "month", 1 or "months" or "year", 2 or "years" or "decade", 3 or "decades" or "century", and 4 or "centuries" or "millenium". Useful for date-of-birth datepickers. Object. Default: { leftArrow: '<', rightArrow: '>' } The templates used to generate some parts of the picker. Each property must be a string with only text, or valid html. You can use this property to use custom icons libs, for example: { leftArrow: '<', rightArrow: '>' } Boolean. Default: true If false, the datepicker will not append the names of the weekdays to its view. Default behavior is appending the weekdays. String. Default: "" The string that will appear on top of the datepicker. If empty the title will be hidden. Boolean, "linked". Default: false If true or "linked", displays a "Today" button at the bottom of the datepicker to select the current date. If true, the "Today" button will only move the current date into view; if "linked", the current date will also be selected. Boolean. Default: false If true, highlights the current date. Boolean. Default: false If true, selecting the currently active date in the datepicker will unset the respective date. This option is always true when the multidade option is being used. Integer. Default: 0 Day of the week start. 0 (Sunday) to 6 (Saturday) Integer. Default: 10 The CSS z-index of the open datepicker is the maximum z-index of the input and all of its DOM ancestors plus the zIndexOffset. This is a quick overview of all the options and their default values Option Default value autoclose false assumeNearbyYear false beforeShowDay beforeShowMonth beforeShowYear beforeShowDecade beforeShowCentury calendarWeeks false clearBtn false container 'body' datesDisabled [] daysOfWeekDisabled [] daysOfWeekHighlighted [] defaultViewDate today disableTouchKeyboard false enableOnReadyonly true endDate Infinity forceParse true format 'mm/dd/yyyy' immediateUpdates false inputs keepEmptyValues false keyboardNavigation true language 'en' maxViewMode 4 'centuries' minViewMode 0 'days' multidadeSeparator ',' orientation 'auto' showOnFocus true startDate -Infinity startView 0 'days' (current month) templates title '' todayBtn false todayHighlight true toggleActive false weekStart 0 (Sunday) zIndexOffset 10 © Copyright 2016, eternicode Revision 9252578f. Built with Sphinx using a theme provided by Read the Docs. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox. Hi, i use the autoclose method but this not working in Chrome: js: \$(document).ready(function () { \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true }); }); html: Thanks for your help. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox. You can't perform that action at this time. Share — copy and redistribute the material in any medium or format for any purpose, even commercially. Adapt — remix, transform, and build upon the material for any purpose, even commercially. The licensor cannot revoke these freedoms as long as you follow the license terms. Attribution — You must give appropriate credit , provide a link to the license, and indicate if changes were made . You may do so in any reasonable manner, but not in any way that suggests the licensor endorses you or your use. ShareAlike — If you remix, transform, or build upon the material, you must distribute your contributions under the same license as the original. No additional restrictions — You may not apply legal terms or technological measures that legally restrict others from doing anything the license permits. You do not have to comply with the license for elements of the material in the public domain or where your use is permitted by an applicable exception or limitation . No warranties are given. The license may not give you all of the permissions necessary for your intended use. For example, other rights such as publicity, privacy, or moral rights may limit how you use the material. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox. If you have multiple textboxes for which you have applied datepicker, then old solution might cause problem, Please try this instead, \$(‘.datepicker’).datepicker({ format: "dd/mm/yyyy", autoclose: true, }).on('changeDate', function (ev) { \$(this).datepicker('hide'); }); Look out this, Note: Do not forget, we are using class selector of jquery, so you need to apply datepicker class to your textbox.