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Bonjour.Le pluriel de questionnaire choix multiple est-il questionnaires choix multiple ou questionnaires choix multiple (voir CNRTL I.A.4.). Chaque choix est multiple (au singulier) de la mme manire quun objet est multiple ou questionnaires choix multiple (voir CNRTL I.A.4.).
polyvalent ou, quelle chance, un trfle quadrilob. Cest par une mtonymie (un raccourci) rcente que lon parle de questionnaire choix multiple, ce qui est courant mais un peu abusif puisquon ne choisit pas les questions. Cela tant, au pluriel, on pourra utiliser grammaticalement le complment au singulier (des
questionnaires choix multiple) ou au pluriel (choix multiples). Comme souvent, en labsence de diffrence de sens, cest le singulier qui est prfrable car gnrique. Linguistiquement, le pluriel ne se marque que pour une relle diffrence. Un questionnaire qui comporte des choix multiples est un questionnaire choix multiples (de multiples choix et non
unique), Larousse dfinit ainsi ladjectif multiple :Qui nest pas unique, qui se prsente sous des aspects divers, nombreux ou existe en grand nombre, apparat un grand nombre de fois:Produit usages multiples.Contrairement un choix unique.Donc comme cette partie me semble toujours au pluriel, la question ne se pose pas pour plusieurs questionnaires.
Cest mon analyse, peut-tre que dautres auront une vison diffrente. Bonjour Joelle, et merci pour cette rponse. Si je comprends bien, il faut penser quun choix doit tre fait chaque question, ce qui entrane plusieurs choix au total. Do le pluriel. Cela semble logique. Je constate que vous crivez, au singulier, questionnaire choix multiples. Je trouve cette formulation dans de nombreux documents. Cependant, le Robert et le Larousse en ligne donnent questionnaire choix multiple. Je dois rendre mon document de travail rapidement, je vais donc suivre votre rponse et faire le choix du pluriel. Je reste nanmoins perplexe. Bonsoir et
merci vous, Joelle et Chambaron! Jy vois un peu plus clair. Les diffrents sites linguistiques canadiens que je consulte rgulirement prirent galement le singulier: Question choix multiple. Dans ce terme, le nomchoixainsi que ladjectifmultiple qui le qualifie sont plus frquemment crits au singulier, bien que lemploi du pluriel soit lui aussi possible.
Jutiliserai donc le singulier dsormais. Bonne soire. Hi, friends. I was reading this webpage, I still don't understand why "fish's" can't be used in those example sentences in this
webpage. Take this example sentence there, "the fishes scales were yellow". "The fishes' ? If they mean some types of fish.]Then I think it should be 'these fishes' example sentence there, "the fishes' relative the fis
number is obvious - both from the demonstrative adjective and from the verb. The fish's scales were yellow. When there is no other way of distinguishing the intended number, we have to use fishes' for the plural. I'm giving my opinion only, and haven't consulted any textbooks or websites. I disagree strongly that fishes is
used to designate multiple species of fish, say, herring, cod, tuna, etc. It's possible that people wrongly say fishes' because fish's is hard to pronounce, and the latter is usually pronounced fishes is hard to pronounce, and the latter is usually pronounced fishes is hard to pronounce, and the latter is usually pronounced fishes is hard to pronounce, and the latter is usually pronounced fishes is hard to pronounced f
used to designate multiple species of fish, say, herring, cod, tuna, etc. fish /f/ n., pl. (esp. when thought of as a group)fish, (esp. for kinds or species)[esp. collectively] v. I don't often disagree with Velisarius and I'm not clear that I'm about to here. Taking her two
examples: The fish's scales were yellow. For me, The fishes' scales were yellow would be talking about one (singular) fish. Although we do often use fish as the plural of fish, I don't think I could use it in the genitive form (fish's (of
more than one fish)). I'd have to write fishes'. I may be heterodox is this. Last edited: Sep 27, 2015 I do agree with that Mr TT. Thank you for forcing me to re-read the question was about species of fish. The linked-to page has: Fishes, with an apostrophe, also serves as the
plural possessive of fishfor example, the fishes scales were yellow. and I think I based my answer on that. Good. Thank you. I wasn't actually talking about different species of fish either.I'm not clear that fishes has to refer to plural species rather than to plural fish of any species. The big sea does not care which way the little fishes swim (couldn't they all be herring?) just can't see fish's being the possessive of more than one individual fish. You could make that individual fish the exemplar for the species, of course, but that isn't to turn it into a plural. It's possible that people wrongly say fishes' because fish's is hard to pronounce, and the latter is usually pronounced fishes' for that reason.
Their pronunciation is identical. I just can't see fish's being the possessive of more than one individual fish. I think I agree, since "fish" is a singular mass noun when discussing types of fish - Mackerel: this fish's feeding habits make it easy to catch with lures. I'm describing many fish (plural) but "fish's" is singular. So it says fishes is used to refer to
multiple species of fish. That's not quite what it says. It gives that as an example of how "fishes" is used as a technical term by biologists. I think I agree, since "fish" is a singular mass noun when discussing types of fish - Mackerel: this fish's feeding habits make it easy to catch with lures. I'm describing many fish (plural) but "fish's" is singular. That's
what I meant by making an individual fish 'the exemplar for the species'. It is a single individual fish but it stands of all its species. That's not quite what it says. It gives that as an example of how "fishes" is used as a technical term by biologists. Thanks, can I take it that 'fishes' is a term that means all the creatures that can be put into the category of
fish? Fish and the like? I suppose by "similar" you mean other animals that live in water: clams, squid, etc. No, I wouldn't call them fish. The maximum extent of 'fish' for a biologist would be: (1) ray-finned fish (the vast majority: cod, carp, herring, salmon, eel, etc.); (2) cartilaginous fish (sharks, rays); (3) lobe-finned fish (lungfish and coelacanths, and
we humans belong in here by descent); (4) lampreys; and (5) hagfish. And whatever fossil ancestors are needed to join up this family tree. So those are various kinds, and groups, of fish or fishes is not required for any sense, but might be useful to talk about plurals of fish species: A lot of fish live around black smokers (volcanic
vents). [vaguer: could just mean large numbers in few species] A lot of fishes live around black smokers. [more clearly indicates numerous species] Hi, For a multiple choice question, only one out of several choices is correct and supposed to pick. Now, what I want to ask is that when a question has several choices, and more than one choice (e.g. two
or more) is correct and all the correct ones are required to pick, what do you call this kind of question? Many thanks It's still "multiple choice", easychen. There are multiple choices and you have to pick the right ones. Hi, Dimcl. I think it's rather
confusing.Now, if I take an exam with these multiple choice questions, how am I supposed to tell which is which? Normally the question will state something like (Choose all that apply) when there are more than one correct answer. Also, for some reason, I usually notice that multiple choice questions with only one answer will have circles to fill in on
the answers. However, the questions with more than one correct answer will have BOXES instead of CIRCLES. Normally the questions with more than one correct answer will have been something like (Choose all that apply) when there are more than one correct answer will have been something like (Choose all that apply) when there are more than one correct answer will have circles to fill in on the
answers. However, the questions with more than one correct answer will have BOXES instead of CIRCLES. Hi, vector! Thank you so much. And it occurs to me that questions with more than one correct answer might be uncommon in the U.S and other English-speaking countries. What do you say? We are moving away from a language question to one of test design. When an exercise has only one "correct" answer the instructions tell the reader to mark all those that are correct. As Dimcl said clearly, both varieties are called multiple choice questions. We are moving away from a language question to
one of test design. When an exercise has only one "correct" answer is possible, the instructions tell the reader to mark all those that are correct. As Dimci said clearly, both varieties are called multiple choice questions. We are moving away from a language question to one of test design. When an exercise has only one "correct" answer is possible, the instructions tell the reader to mark all those that are correct. As Dimci said clearly, both varieties are called multiple choice questions. Hi, cuchu! To me, it's still a language question.
What I'd like to point out is that whenever "multiple-choice questions" came up in a converesation (between a native English speaker and me), native English speaker and me), native English speaker and me).
speaking countries, and wonder if there is a set phrase for this kind of question to tell from each other. Since both Cuchu and I indicated that
there isn't, I'm not sure what answer we can give you, easychen I'll add my voice to those of Dimcl and Cuchu. The multiple choice questions I have seen come with instructions. They may say "Choose the correct answers".
participated in an on-line survey in American English. Some of the questions ended "Check one" and others "Check all that apply". They were all mulitple choice questions on tests to have only one answer, but that is not mandated by the term. Don't really know how to make it any clearer. Thank you very
much everyone, for your painstaking efforts! P.S. In Chinese, you know, there are surely words for these different kinds of questions, and that's why I was splitting the hairs! Multiple choice multiple choi
to say it in the target language but also what it means exactly in the target languages mean the same and another may choose to say that they mean
the opposite, and thenceforth errupt the endless debates and disputes that we often see on the forums(Not on our forum, of course!) Last edited: Jul 19, 2011 only one option is correct Based on my university experience in an English-speaking country, when people say multiple choice, it is almost always understood be be . If it is meant to be , the
instructions will tell you that one or more answers may be correct, etc. Based on my university experience in an English-speaking country, when people say multiple choice, it is almost always understood be be . If it is meant to be , the instructions will tell you that one or more answers may be correct, etc. Amen to that. Interesting observation! I
agree. I've actually never come across any English-language tests or exercises in which a multiple choice test was " in the Chinese sense; whereas is a common phenomenon for mainland Chinese students. Sidenote: I hear that the Turkish examination system also commonly incorporates as part of its equivalent to the .So it seems that since are
inherently much trickier, they might be employed more frequently in countries in which standardised testing is used as the ultimate means of evaluating students and deciding university admissions. Just a hypothesis. :) Moderator's Note: Please let me remind all that we can discuss as much as necessary the words or phrases in the title of the thread, but as soon as we go further than that and away from the linguistic aspect of the words and phrases in question, we run the risk of going off topic. ("Which type of test being more difficult", for example, is not a linguistic question). So, please pay a little attention to this and continue enjoying the discussion. Last edited by a moderator: Jul 20, 2011
Thanks all! So in your experience, if a question does allow more than one answers, beside giving an additional instruction, is that possible for the
tester to use "multiple choices" instead of "multiple choice"? Hi SuperXW, I don't think the word "choice" in this context. There
isn't an 's' behind 'choice' because the word is employed as an adjective. i.e. Multiple-choice questions, also affectionately known as MCQs. Thanks! I think it's also abbreviated to MC or M/C, if my memory serves. Hi, before I came across the text below, I had thought we couldn't use "with" with "multiply" -for example, not "multiply two with four" but
"multiply two by four". "Let us therefore multiply body A, proportional to 1, with its speed, proportional to 2, the product or quantity of motion will be proportional to 4"It's from Leibniz's discourse on
metaphysics and the original text is French. Last edited: May 28, 2018 The context is somewhat obscure - the idea of multiplying a "body" by a speed is a strange concept - I suspect that there might be a mistake in the translation. In a usual context, e.g. "multiply two by four", by is correct. However, although it is usual to multiply by a number, it is
also possible to multiply with a noun, i.e. one that references a number, where "with" has the meaning of "by the use of", e.g. "Multiply A by B and then multiply the answer from your earlier result." NBPlease note that Leibniz is a proper noun/name, and therefore must be capitalised. You can use with, but if you use this preposition,
don't be surprised if you are told that it's a mistake. "Let us therefore multiply body A, proportional to 1, with its speed, proportional to 2, the product or quantity of motion will be proportional to 2 the product or quantity of motion will be proportional to 4.
There is no "metaphysical" meaning for "multiply". This quote seems to refer to physics. The words "body" and "quantity of motion" are bad translations. Most likely "body" should be "kinetic energy". Whatever the correct words are, the translator should have used exact physics technical terms, not general
English rough translations. Since it's a bad translation, we should ignore it when considering whether "with" is acceptable with "multiply". I was wondering should I say "multiply by a 1-bit value" or "multiply with a 1-bit value". According to PaulQ's answer
above, with should be used here since "1-bit value" is not a number or zero". It is a binary choice, not an actual multiplication. Note: the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". So here "multiplication by 1 bit value" means "zero or one". So here "multiplication by 1 bit value" means "zero or one". It is a binary choice, not an actual multiplication by 1 bit value means "zero or one". So here "multiplication by 1 bit value" means "zero or one". The thing is 1 beyond the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". The thing is 1 beyond the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". The thing is 1 beyond the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". The thing is 1 beyond the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". The thing is 1 beyond the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". The phrase "zero or one" means "zero or one" means "zero or one". The phrase "zero or one" means "zero o
multiplication. Note: the phrase "a 1-bit value" means "zero or one". So here "multiplication by "secondly, I know exactly what multiplication by 1-bit value means technically. The thing is, I have an operation that is multiplication from algorithm point of view. It just so happens that I can reduce the multiplication becomes very simple. However, it is not as simple as you think because I am dealing with complex values. Anyway, I was just wondering how to call this simplified operation. However, it is not as simple as you
think because I am dealing with complex values. I vaguely remember the definition of "multiplication" for complex values. No imaginary numbers. No vectors. No
complex numbers. I vaguely remember the definition of "multiplication" for complex values. It's a different operation. Idon't remember what terminology is used in mathematics for this operation. Idon't remember what terminology is used in mathematics for this operation. No complex numbers. It doesn't
matter if they are complex numbers. It's the same remembering that i- squared is equal to minus one. Multiplication is always'by'.

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